

Specification

General purpose solid medium containing animal and plant peptone, and neutralisers, according to Pharmacopoeial Harmonised Method and ISO Standards.

Presentation

	Packaging Details	Shelf Life	Storage
20 Plates/Irradiated 90 mm - Triple Wrapping with: 21 ± 2 ml	1 box with 3 cellophane bags (triple wrapping) with 10 plates/bag. Side labeling. Every pack exhibits a irradiation indicator stacked on the side of the bag (8 -14 KGy).	3,5 months	2-14 °C

Composition

Composition (g/l):	
Peptone from casein	15.0
Soya peptone.....	5.00
Sodium chloride.....	5.00
Histidin.....	1.00
Lecithine.....	0.70
Polysorbate 80.....	5.00
Sodium Thiosulfate.....	0.50
Agar.....	15.0

Description /Technique

Description

TSA is a widely used medium containing two peptones which support the growth of a wide variety of organisms, even that of very fastidious ones such as Neisseria, Listeria, Brucella, etc. It is frequently used for routine diagnostic purposes due to its reliability and its easily reproducible results.

The addition of the neutralizing agents TLHTh (Tween 80 - Lecithin - Histidine - Sodium Thiosulphate) may inactivate a variety of disinfectants.

* The combination of lecithin, polysorbate 80 and histidine neutralizes aldehydes and phenolic compounds.

* The combination of lecithin and polysorbate 80 neutralizes the quaternary ammonium compounds.

* The polysorbate 80 neutralizes hexachlorophene and mercurial derivatives.

* Sodium thiosulphate neutralizes halogen compounds.

* Lecithin neutralizes chlorhexidine.

* Histidine neutralizes formaldehyde.

Technique

Collect, dilute and prepare samples and volumes as required according to specifications, directives, official standard regulations and/or expected results.

This medium is also well suited for air environmental sampling (total compatibility with most commercially available air samplers) or for other types of environmental sampling (fingers or gloves of operators, swab streaking,...).

Spread the plates by streaking methodology or by spiral method.

The inoculated plates are incubated at 30-35 ° C for 24-72 h (bacteria) and 3-5 days for fungi (yeast & molds). Examined daily.

(Incubation times greater than those mentioned above or different incubation temperatures may be required depending on the sample, on the specifications,... This medium can be inoculated directly or after enrichment broth).

After incubation, enumerate all the colonies that have appeared onto the surface of the agar.

Each laboratory must evaluate the results according to their specifications.

Calculate total microbial count per ml of sample by multiplying the average number of colonies per plate by the inverse dilution factor if streaked a diluted sample. Report results as Colony Forming Unit (CFU's) per ml or g along with incubation time and temperature.

Quality control

Physical/Chemical control

Color : Straw-coloured yellow pH: 7.3 ± 0.2 at 25°C

Microbiological control

Growth Promotion Test 50-100 CFU according to harmonized Pharmacopoeia monographs (EP) and test methods & ISO 11133:2014/A1:2018
Analytical methodology according to ISO 11133:2014/A1:2018; A2:2020.

Aerobiosis. Incubation at 30-35 °C. Read after 18-24 h to 72 h for bacteria and 3-5 days for fungi.

Microorganism

Escherichia coli ATCC® 8739, WDCM 00012
Staphylococcus aureus ATCC® 6538, WDCM 00032
Bacillus subtilis ATCC® 6633, WDCM 00003
Candida albicans ATCC® 10231, WDCM 00054
Aspergillus brasiliensis ATCC® 16404, WDCM 00053
Ps. aeruginosa ATCC® 9027, WDCM 00026

Growth

Good (≥70%)
Good (≥70%)
Good (≥70%)
Good (≥70%)
Good (≥70%)
Good (≥70%)

Sterility control

Incubation 48 h at 30-35 °C and 48 h at 20-25 °C: NO GROWTH.
Check at 7 days after incubation in same conditions.

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