



A.B.E. - Technical Data Sheet

Product: Listeria Oxford Selective Supplement

Specification

Sterile selective supplement used for Listeria isolation in food samples.

Presentation

| 10 Freeze dried vials | Packaging Details | Shelf Life | Storage | |
|-----------------------|--|------------|---------|--|
| Vial | 22±0,25 x 55±0,5 mm glass vials, tag labelled, White | 49 months | 2-25°C | |
| with: 3 ± 0,1 g | plastic cap - 10 vials per box. | | | |

Composition

Compositon (g/vial)

| Cyclohexymide | 0.2000 |
|--------------------------|--------|
| Colistin sulphate | |
| Acriflavine | |
| Cefotetan | 0.0010 |
| Phosphomycin sodium salt | 0.0050 |

Note : Each vial is enough to supplement 500 ml of Oxford medium Base.

Reconstitute the original freeze-dried vial by adding: Sterile solvent (50% Ethanol/water)9 ml

Description /Technique

Description:

Listeria Selective Supplement (Oxford Formulation) is added to Oxford agar base in order to obtain a complete selective medium for the detection of *Listeria monocytogenes* from clinical and food specimens.

Listeria monocytogenes plays an important role in human and animal illness and the sources of infections are numerous.

In the last years the lack of an effective selective medium has been a gap in the detection of *Listeria*, as it can be easily and completely overgrown by competing flora.

With his supplement, which supplies the selective inhibitory components acriflavine, colistin sulphate, cefotetan, cycloheximide and fosfomycin, the competing flora is inhibited. *Listeria monocytogenes* is differentiated becasue it hydrolyses aesculin, producing black zones around the colonies .

Gram-negative bacteria are completely inhibited and also most of the unwanted Gram-positive species. Some strains of enterococci grow poorly and exhibit a weak aesculin reaction, usually after 40 hours incubation. Some staphylococci may grow as aesculin-negative colonies.

Technique:

Collect, dilute and prepare samples and volumes as required according to specifications, directives, official standard regulations and/or expected results.

Reconstitute the vial with 9 ml of sterile diluent (50% Ethanol:water) in aseptic conditions and add it to 500 ml of Oxford Agar base cooled to 50°C.

Do not overheat once suplemented.

Pour the complete medium into Petri dishes and, once solidified on a flat surface, spread the plates by streaking or spyral method. Incubate the plates in aerobic atmosphere at $37 \pm 1^{\circ}$ C for $44 \pm 4h$.

Incubation times longer than those mentioned above or different incubation temperatures may be requied depending on the sample or the specifications.

After incubation, enumerate all the colonies that have appeared onto the surface of the agar, observing any blackening of the medium due to esculin hydrolysis, typical for Listeria strains.

Presumptive isolation of Listeria must be confirmed by further microbiological and biochemical tests.



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Growth

Quality control

Physical/Chemical control

Color : Yellow- orangey

pH: at 25°C

Microbiological control

Reconstitute 1 vial as indicated in COMPOSITION; shake and dissolve completely Add 1 vial to 500 ml of medium base. DO NOT HEAT once supplemented. Distribute the complete medium, cooled to 50°C, into 90 mm plates

Microorganism

L. monocytogenes ATCC[®] 13932, WDCM 00021 Escherichia coli ATCC[®] 25922, WDCM 00013 Enterococcus faecalis ATCC[®] 29212, WDCM 00087 L. monocytogenes ATCC[®] 35152, WDCM 00109

Sterility Control

Add 5ml of the sample to 100ml of TSB and to 100ml Thioglycollate Incubation 48 hours at 30-35°C and 48 hours at 20-25°C: NO GROWTH Check at 7 days after incubation in same conditions

Bibliography

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· ISO 11290 standard (1996) Microbiology of food and animal feeding stuff. Horizontal method for the detection and enumeration of Listeria monocytogenes. Part 1 - Detection method. Part 2 - Enumeration method.

· ISO 11290-1:2017 Standard. Microbiology of the food chain. Horizontal method for the detection and enumeration of Listeria monocytogenes and for Listeria spp.- Part 1: Detection Method

· ISO 11290-2:2017 Standard. Microbiology of the food chain. Horizontal method for the detection and enumeration of Listeria monocytogenes and for Listeria spp.- Part 2: Enumeration Method

· VANDERZANT, C. & D.F. SPLITTSTOESSER (1992) Compendium of methods for the microbiological examination of foods. APHA. Washington DC.

. UNE-EN ISO 11133 (2014). Microbiología de los alimentos para consumo humano, alimentación animal y agua.-Preparación, producción, conservación y ensayos de rendimiento de los medios de cultivo.

Good - Esculin Positive reaction Inhibited Inhibited Good - Esculin Positive reaction