

Specification

Selective supplement for the cultivation of Brucella in diverse clinical specimens, foods and other materials of sanitary interest.

Presentation

	Packaging Details	Shelf Life	Storage
10 Freeze dried vials Vial with: 10 ± 2 ml	22±0.25 x 55±0.5 mm glass vials, tag labelled, White plastic cap - 10 vials per box.	49 months	2-25 °C

Composition

Composition (g/vial):

Vancomycin.....	0,005
Colistin.....	0,002
Nystatin.....	50.000 UI
Nitrofurantoin.....	0,005
Amphotericin B.....	0,002

Note: Each vial is sufficient to
supplement 500 ml of Brucella Base Agar

Reconstitute the original freeze-dried vial
by adding
Sterile Distilled Water.....10 ml

Description /Technique

Description:

Supplement enhances the medium's selectivity for the growth of Brucella, such as Blood Agar Base N°2.
Brucella species are level 3 pathogens and cause brucellosis, a zoonotic disease. It is usually transmitted through milk, dairy products, meat and direct contact with infected animals.
It is widely used for the isolation of Brucella in highly contaminated materials, food materials and clinical samples.

Technique:

Aseptically reconstitute 1 vial with 10 ml of sterile distilled water. Incubate at 37 °C for 10-15 minutes. Mix until completely dissolved and aseptically add to 500 ml Blood Agar Base N°2 cooled to 50 °C and add 5-10% of inactivated horse serum. Mix well and distribute into sterile containers.

Instructions for use:

Streak plate method:

- In a Petri dish, add 12-15 ml of molten agar and let it solidify.
- Inoculate 10 µl of the initial suspension and/or diluted sample.
- Extend the inoculum with a sterile loop on the agar surface.
- Incubate the plates in an inverted position at a temperature of 35±2 °C in an atmosphere of 5-10% CO₂ and observe after 72 hours.

Quality control

Physical/Chemical control

Color : yellow

Microbiological control

Reconstitute 1 vial as indicated in COMPOSITION; shake and dissolve completely

Add 1 vial to 500 ml of medium base. DO NOT HEAT once supplemented.

Analytical methodology according to ISO 11133:2014/A1:2018; A2:2020

Distribute the complete medium, cooled to 50 °C, into 90 mm plates

Aerobiosis. Incubation at 35 ± 2 °C, reading after 48-72 hours

Microorganism

Growth

Stph. aureus ATCC® 25923, WDCM 00034

Escherichia coli ATCC® 25922, WDCM 00013

Sterility control

Add 5ml of the sample to 100 ml of TSB and to 100 ml Thioglycollate.

Incubation 48 hours at 30-35 °C and 48 hours at 20-25 °C: NO GROWTH.

Check at 7 days after incubation in same conditions.

Bibliography

Kzudas and Mors, J.Bact. 66:502. 1953 Rennoux G. Ann. Inst. Pasteur, 87:325. 1954 Standard Methods for Examination of Dairy Products. 10 th Ed. APHA, Inc. New York 1960 Smith Louis Ds. The pathogenic anaerobic Bacteria. C. Thomas Pub. Springfield, Il, 1975.